

Transparency

Examples

- We will explain, as much as we can, what we are doing with your information and why.
- A systematic approach to communication, arming citizens with meaningful information.



Accountability

Examples

- Those responsible for the collection of data and production of statistics must be accountable.
- Be accountable and transparent to independent scrutiny and oversight, use reliable practices and work within your skillset.



Benefit

Example

- Be beneficial for all by using an outcomes-based approach.
- Building a brighter future through data.



Privacy

Examples

- Right to privacy — Preserving privacy and preventing surveillance.
- Artificial intelligence should not be used to diminish the data rights or privacy of individuals, families or communities.



Security

Examples

- Make sure data is secure, safe and ethical.
- The quality, security and privacy of health data to maximize benefits, build trust, and reduce harm to individuals and populations.



Trust

Examples

- Ensure trust and protection for our citizens.
- These all lead to the building of trust in the activity of the network. Trust is earned through the consistent demonstration of adherence to these values.



Inclusivity

Examples

- Inclusion of diverse members of the public, patients, communities and other partners in culturally integrated health information system development and oversight.
- Inclusion — Ensuring equity and combating discrimination.



Legal

Examples:

- Human rights and democratic values, including fairness and privacy.
- Adherence to the rule of law.



Access

Examples

- Universal access — Reduce the digital divide and promote equitable access to data.
- Accessible and Usable data.



Openness

Examples

- Openly publish data and insight.
- The best possible foundation is open data (data that is available to everyone to use).



Fairness

Examples

- Promoting fairness and justice.
- Fairness: Consistent treatment of citizens, empowering citizens' voices.



Ethical

Examples

- Ethical and non-discriminatory use of data.
- Ensure the use of artificial intelligence in an ethical and responsible manner.



Impactful

Examples

- Evaluate and consider wider policy implication.
- Maintain a focus on our city's big policy challenges.



Purpose limitation

Examples:

- We only keep information for as long as we need it for the purpose for which it was obtained. Every organisation has its own rules for how long they keep information before they delete or destroy it.
- Define the purpose of the project.



Responsibility

Examples

- Responsible: Recognise the need to behave in a trustworthy way in the use of data and digital technology across systems and processes.
- Strengthening responsibility.

